# The 3rd IICLLTLC 2019

The 3rd Indonesian International Conference on Linguistics, Language Teaching, Literature and Culture

# ALPHABET DELETION OF SEVERAL STUDENTS AT UNIVERSITAS PUTRA INDONESIA CIANJUR (PSYCHOLINGUISTIC STUDY)

# Meiyanti Nurchaerani

University of Esa Unggul Jakarta meiyanti.nurchaerani@esaunggul.ac.id

## Deri Fikri Fauzi

University of Putra Indonesia Cianjur dare.fikr@gmail.com

# Fina Rahmatul Maghfiroh

University of Putra Indonesia Cianjur finamaghfiroh98@gmail.com

## **ABSTRACT**

This study aims to discover about one of the phonological processes called deletion which is commonly experienced by several students at Universitas Putra Indonesia, Cianjur. This research uses a descriptive qualitative research. This study was committed by using writing test at Universitas Putra Indonesia Cianjur. The main theory used for this study are taken from O'Grady (1997) which particularly concerns about Psycholinguistics study, Walt Wolfram and Robert Johnson (1982) which particularly concerns about phonological analysis. This study found that students tend to deleting vowel sound instead of consonant sound. Therefore, the writer concluded that the students at Universitas Putra Indonesia Cianjur were often deleting the vowel sound instead of consonant sound in their writing.

**Keywords**: Linguistics, Psycholinguistics, Deletion, English Linguistics, Writing aspect.

### INTRODUCTION

Psycholinguistics, the study of language processing, is one of macro-linguistics study. Generally, language is a medium of communication and cannot be separated from human life. By the use of language, we can communicate with one another and creates a society. Within the society, every human cannot avoid misunderstanding if the communication not clearly delivered. That is why we have to filter our sentence before conveys to other. Therefore, Psycholinguistics appears for this kind of problem. Psycholinguistics is combination of psychology and linguistics, which study language production, language perception, also language acquisition. It also concerns to writing error, especially deletion. Deletion is one of phonological process, which happens in some contexts when other context lost. Deletion processes may break up clusters of consonants or vowels in order to reach at the more generally preferred CV pattern. Occasionally, deletion often occurs in casual conversation to make it easier between speaker and listener who have social closeness.

Psycholinguistics is a branch of both psychology and linguistics, it concerned with how language process in human mind. We often filtered of what we should say in our mind before delivered to others. According to O'Grady (1996:438) stated that Psycholinguists study how word meaning, sentence meaning, and <u>discourse</u> meaning are computed and represented in the mind.

Deletion is one of phonological process, which happen in some contexts is lost in others. Wolfram (1982:95) acknowledges that there are a number of more specific subtypes of deletion processes, they are:

# a. Haplology

According to Wolfram (1982:95) Stated that Haplology is a process that causes two identical syllables to become different, in the sense that one remains intact while the other is lost. For instance, the word 'livelily' becomes 'lively'.

# b. Aphesis

Aphesis refers to the loss of an unstressed initial vowel or syllable. Aphesis is a relatively common phenomenon in casual styles of English' accounting for items such as 'bout for about, 'round for around, and 'cause for because.

# c. Syncope

Syncope is the loss of a medial vowel or syllable. Syncope is observed quite often in the casual style of English speakers when ihe medial syllable of polysyltabic words is unstressed, as in choc'late, ev'ning, batt'ry, and ev'ry.

# d. Apocope

Apocope is the loss of a final vowel or syllable. On the other hand, apocope is not a particularly productive process in the English language at present, although it was active in earlier stages of its development.

Based on the research background above, the problem will be discussed in this study are formulated through the following question:

- 1. What are the types of deletion found in Universitas Putra Indonesia students on their writing test?
- 2. In what ways do the normal students at Universitas Putra Indonesia write down the deletion?

The writer use the theory taken from O'Grady (1997) which particularly concerns about Psycholinguistics, and Walt Wolfram and Robert Johnson in their book Phonological Analysis as the main theory.

The writer uses note-taking technique and observation in collecting the data. They are taken from second semester of the Faculty of Humanities and Economics students at Universitas Putra Indonesia.

In this research, the writer applied a qualitative research method to analyze the data. According to Denzin and Lincoln (2005, p.3) "Qualitative research is a method of inquiry employed in many different academic disciplines, traditionally in the social sciences, but also in market research and further contexts".

## **FINDINGS & DISCUSSION**

This study involved 5 students of Universitas Putra Indonesia Cianjur randomly. They are studying in the same grade (second semester). The discussion about *deletion* found in every students writing. However, not all the vocabulary which was they write is false, sometimes they knew what the word meaning but did not know how to spell it, or they could speak it but did not know to write it. Then, we found sample of five students who have deletion problem involve twenty words. The words are: BARGAIN, DEPRECIATION, MATURITY, LEDGER, LIABILITIES, MORTGAGE, OCCUPATION, EMPLOYEE, ACQUISITION, SUSTAINABILITY, SUCCEED, REVENUE, PHASE, GUARANTEE, BALANCE SHEET, PACKAGE, DECISION. The words are misspelled by some students, whereas a character, or even more, is confused with the others.

### **Table of Deletion**

Data 1: Student 1

No	Intended Words	Misspelled Words
1	LEDGER	LAGER
2	LIABILITIES	LYBLELITIES
3	MORTGAGE	MORGEDS
4	EMPLOYEE	EMPLOYE
5	ACQUISITION	ACUSATION

		Spelling	Meaning
A.	Bargain	B-c-1-3-0-n-4	
2.	Maeurity	B-v-t- R-E-A-d-7	Jahla lempo
3.	Leager	L-a-5-e-1	
4.	Depreciation	D. o. P. presionion	
5.	Liabilities	Lytho & likes	kewasban
6,	Mortgage	mor gods	
7.	Occupation	Taki Pation	
8.	Employee	emplote	Proawai
9.	Sustainability	Suistant ability	
10.	Acquisition	Acus ation	Pendaportom
11.	Achievement	Achievement	Penca palan
12.	Succeed	Successory Successory	Suk ses
13.	Revenue	Reverses	
4.	Phase	Tasto	
15.	6 uarantee	C uxcent-1	
6.	Interest	Interest	Bunga
7.	Pay	Pay	the upanon
8.	Balance Sheet	Balance -treat	
9.	Package	Package	
0.	Decision.	decision	

1<sup>st</sup>Picture. Illustration of handwriting by Students at Universitas Putra Indonesia.

From the data above, the 2<sup>nd</sup> semester student of Universitas Putra Indonesia name "student 1" from faculty of Humanities insert deletion concern with Apocop, haplology, and syncope. She did not write the word properly, however she knew the pronunciation of several words but did not know how to spell it.

The first word is 'Ledger'. She wrote it as the word pronounced by native speaker, from 'Ledger' replaced into 'Lager'. She experienced deletion particularly in second and third letter. She delete the 'e' and 'd' letter from this word, this deletion concern with Syncope type because deletion occurs in the middle of the word.

The second word is 'Liabilities'. She wrote 'Lyblelities'. She experienced deletion particularly in second, third, and fourth letter. She delete 'i' and 'a' letter. 'Liabilities' become 'lyblelities'. This kind of deletion is refers to syncope.

The third word is 'Mortgage'. She wrote 'Morgeds'. She experienced deletion

particularly in fourth, sixth, seventh, and eighth letter. She delete 't', 'g', 'a', and 'e'letter. This kind of deletion is refers to syncope.

The fourth word is 'Employee'. She wrote 'Employe'. She experienced deletion particularly in eighth letter. She deletes 'e' from the last letter. So, this kind of deletion refers to Apocope.

The fifth word is 'Acquisition'. She wrote 'Acusation' on her writing test. She experienced deletion particularly in third, fifth, and sixth letter. She delete 'q' and 'i' letter. This kind of deletion is refers to Syncope.

Data 2: Student 2

No	Intended Words	Misspelled words
1	DEPRECIATION	DEPRESSITION
2	LIABILITIES	LIBELITIES
3	MORTGAGE	MORGACH
4	BALANCE SHEET	BALANCE SEED

Words	Spelling	Meaning
Bargain	Purgen	
Maruray	Maturity	Something out /mi
Ledger	Ladger	Bangunan
Depreciation	Depressition	Sakit akal
Liabilities	Libelities	
More gage	Morgach	
Occupation	Tacquepation	
Employee	Employee	Pegawai
Sustainability	Systemability	Sesuatu yang ter
Acquisition	Nacquesation	
Achievement	Achievement	Pinghorgaar
Succeed	Succeed	Arriusias
Revenue	Revenue	+ total
	Pace	
Phase	Gugrantee	Jaminan
Guarantee	Interest	Minat
Interest		Bayar
Pay	Pay	
Balance sheet	Balance seed	Umpan ye
	Package	Pake
Package	Decision	Kepertin
Decision nt name: Harvianti Fit	101 2	
nt name: Harvianti III		
as: Sautra Inggris		

2<sup>nd</sup> Picture. Illustration of handwriting by Students at Universitas
Putra Indonesia.

From the data above, the 2<sup>nd</sup> semester student of Universitas Putra Indonesia name "student 2" from faculty of Humanities insert deletion concern with Apocop and syncope. She did not write the word properly, however she knew the pronunciation of several words but did not know how to spell it.

The first word is 'Depreciation'. She wrote 'Depressition', she wrote it as how she

listen the pronunciation from native speaker who said several vocabularies from the writer's phone. She experienced deletion particularly in sixth and eighth letter. She wrote 'depressition' by deleting 'c' and 'a' letter. This kind of deletion refers to Syncope.

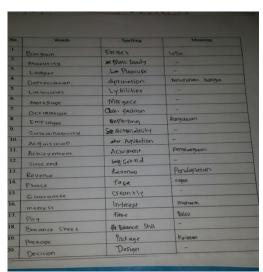
The second word is 'Liabilities'. She wrote 'Libelities', she experienced deletion particularly in third and forth letter. She wrote 'libelities' by deleting 'a' and 'i' letter. This kind of deletion refers to Syncope.

The third word is 'Mortgage'. She wrote 'Morgach', she wrote it as the word pronounced by native speaker. She experienced deletion particularly in sixth and seventh letter. She wrote 'morgach' by deleting 'g' and 'a' letter in the last word. This kind of deletion refers to Apocope.

The fourth word is 'Balance sheet'. She wrote 'Balance seed', she experienced deletion particularly in second syllable in second, and the last letter. She wrote 'balance seed' by deleting 'h' and 't' letter. This kind of deletion is Syncope and Apocop.

Data 3: Student 3

No	IntendedArds	Misspelled words
1	EMPLOYEE	EMPLOY
2	SUSTAINABILITY	SUSTINABILITY
3	ACQUISITION	ACQUSITION
4	ACHIEVEMENT	ACHIEVMENT
5	SUCCEED	SUCCED



3<sup>rd</sup> Picture. Illustration of handwriting by Students at Universitas Putra Indonesia.

From the data above, the 3<sup>rd</sup> semester student of Universitas Putra Indonesia name

"student 3" from faculty of Economics insert deletion concern with Apocop and syncope. He did not write the word properly, however she knew the pronunciation of several words but did not know how to spell it.

The first word is 'Employee'. She wrote 'Employ'. She experienced deletion particularly in seventh and eighth letter. She wrote 'employ' by deleting the last two words 'e'. This kind of deletion refers to Apocop.

The second word is 'Sustainability'. She wrote 'Sustinability'. She experienced deletion particularly in fifth letter. She wrote 'sustinability' by deleting 'a' letter. This kind of deletion refers to Syncope.

The third word is 'Acquisition'. She wrote 'Acquisition'. She experienced deletion particularly in fifth letter. She wrote 'acquisition' by deleting 'i' letter. This kind of deletion refers to Syncope.

The fourth word is 'Achievement'. She wrote 'Achievement'. She experienced deletion particularly in eighth letter. She wrote 'achievement' by deleting 'e' letter in the middle of the word. This kind of deletion refers to Syncope.

The fifth word is 'Succeed'. She wrote 'Succed'. She experienced deletion particularly in sixth letter. She wrote 'succed' by deleting 'e' letter. This kind of deletion refers to Syncope.

Data 4: Student 4

No	IntendedArds	Misspelled words
1	MATURITY MATURYDY	
2	LIABILITIES	LABILITIES
3	EMPLOYEE	EMPLOY
4	ACQUISITION ACQUISION	
5	ACHIEVEMENT	ACHIEVMENT
6	SUCCEED	SUCCED

Words	Spetting	Prince
Bargain	F-0-1-4-2-4	
Maturity	M- A . + - U- 17-1-7	Lucas
Ludger	L-A-6-U-E-A	an las
Depresiation	Degite Ciation	Lastra
Liabilities	Edward labilities	Insular
Moragage	Morgeoge	Gadian
Occupation	Tagipatian	1- embu
Employee	However Employ	Peterin
Sustainability	Seelym abily	Kourampan
Acquisition	~CHU361or	had Cur
Achievement	advoument	Panyhang
Succeed	Succeed \$	Surend
Revenue	Centremue	PartSaguel
	Tarra	town
Phase	Perete guarant	
Guarantee	The same of the sa	inener
Interest	Tinterest	
Pay	Pay	Conjar
Balance Sheet	Bouance Shut	Junal
Package	Package	1 Kenne
Decision	Dension	kaputsa
name: 4		

4<sup>th</sup> Picture. Illustration of handwriting by Students at Universitas Putra Indonesia.

From the data above, the 2<sup>nd</sup> semester student of Universitas Putra Indonesia name "student 4" from faculty of Humanities insert deletion concern with apocop and syncope. He did not write the word properly, however he knew the pronunciation of several words but did not know how to spell it.

The first word is 'Maturity'. He wrote 'Maturydy'. He experienced deletion particularly in sixth and seventh letter. He wrote 'maturydy' by deleting 'i' and 't' letter. This kind of deletion refers to Syncope.

The second word is 'Liabilities'. He wrote 'Labilities'. He experienced deletion particularly in second letter. He wrote 'labilities' by deleting 'i' letter. This kind of deletion refers to Syncope.

The third word is 'Employee'. He wrote 'Employ'. He experienced deletion particularly in seventh and eighth letter. He wrote 'employ' by deleting 'e' letter in the last word. This kind of deletion refers to Apocop.

The fourth word is 'Acquisition'. He wrote 'Acquision'. He experienced deletion particularly in eighth and ninth letter. He wrote 'acquision' by deleting't' and 'i' letter. This kind of deletion refers to Syncope.

The fifth word is 'Achievement'. He wrote 'Achievement'. He experienced deletion particularly in seventh letter. He wrote 'achievement' by deleting 'e' letter. This kind of deletion refers to Syncope.

The sixth word is 'Succeed'. He wrote 'Succed'. He experienced deletion particularly in sixth letter. He wrote 'succed' by deleting 'e' letter. This kind of deletion refers to Syncope.

Data 5: Student 5

No	Intended Words	Misspelled words
1	LEDGER	LAGER
2	LIABILITIES	LYBLITIES
3	EMPLOYEE	EMPLOYE
4	SUCCEED	SUCEED

0.	Words	Spelling	Meaning
	Forg Bargain	F-0-R-6-E-T	Lupa
	Maturity	M-A-FUR-1-T-Y	Kedemokaan
	Ledger	L-M-G-E-R	K-s
	Depreciation	D-e-P.r.e-siation	Depresi
	Liabilities	L -a-bilities	Cabilitas
	Mortgage	Morgadye	Gueliei
	Occupation	Tacky passion	
	Employee	Employ	Pekceiga
	Sustainability	Sustinability	leem ans you an
Э,	Acquisition	Acquisition	Alcopie Akvisi
1.	Succeed achievement	Achievment	Prestavi
2.	Revenue Succeed	Succed	Sukses
3.	Phase Revenue	Revenau	Pendagaran
1.	Sugrantee Phase	Taste	sclera, rasa
5.	Interest Guarantee	Volunteer Guarante	Adams Jami
5.	Pay Interest	Interese	Monarike
7.	Batance Pay	Fake	Palso
3.	Balance Sheet	Balance Sheet	
2	Package	Package	Kemasan
)	Decision	Decreion	Kepurusan

5<sup>th</sup> Picture. Illustration of handwriting by Students at Universitas Putra Indonesia.

From the data above, the 2<sup>nd</sup> semester student of Universitas Putra Indonesia name "student 5" from faculty of Economics insert deletion concern with Apocop and syncope. She did not write the word properly, however she knew the pronunciation of several words but did not know how to spell it.

The first word is 'Ledger'. She wrote 'Lager'. She experienced with deletion particularly in third letter. She wrote 'lager' by deleting'd' letter. This kind of deletion refers to Syncope.

The second word is 'Liabilities'. She wrote 'Lyblities'. She experienced deletion particularly in second, third and fifth letter. She wrote 'lyblities' by deleting 'i', 'a', and 'i'. This kind of deletion refers to Syncope.

The third word is 'Employee'. She wrote 'Employ' she experienced deletion particularly in seventh and eighth letter. She wrote 'employ' by deleting 'e' letter in the last word. This kind of deletion refers to Apocop.

The forth word is 'Succeed'. She wrote 'Succed'. She experienced deletion

particularly in sixth letter. She wrote 'succed' by deleting 'e' letter. This kind of deletion refers to Syncope.

## **CONCLUSION**

After given the vocabulary test for Universitas Putra Indonesia students randomly, the writer found that there are several deletion letters from the student's writing. They are inserted Syncope (as a type of deletion) mostly instead of Haplology, Aphesis, and Apocope. All those vocabulary were written as the words pronounced or by its phonological aspect. From 5 form that have been given to the second semester students, the writer found 24 misspelled words which contain deletion. The word which is often occurs is Ledger, Liabilities, Mortgage, Employee, Sustainability, Acquisition, Achievement, and Succeed. This study found that students tend to deleting vowel sound instead of consonant sound. Therefore, the writer concluded that the students at Universitas Putra Indonesia Cianjur were often deleting the vowel sound instead of consonant sound in their writing.

### REFERENCES

Dawson, C. Hope, Phelan, Michael (2016) Language Files Materials for an Introduction to Language and Linguistics. 12th Edition. (Columbus: The Ohio State UniversityPress). Dobrovolsky, Michael. O'Grady, William. Katamba, Francis. 1996. Contemporary Linguistics: An Introduction. Longman: Longman Asia Limited.

Wolfram, Walt and Johnson, Robert. 1982. *Phonological Analysis, Focus on American English*. Washington: Center for Applied Linguistics.

Yule, George. 1996. The Study Of Language. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

https://www.linguistikid.com/2016/11/macam-macam-gejala-bahasa.html

https://www.wpspublish.com/app/TypesofPhonologicalProcesses.aspx